The Antebellum Era

1. What is the Antebellum era?
   a. The rise of Native Americans against settlers.
   b. Period from the late 18th century until the start of the American Civil War in 1861
   c. The period during which the U.S.A. was formed.

2. The Antebellum era is also called the ________.
   a. The Plantation era  c. U.S. War of Independence
   b. The birth of a nation  d. Nation State

3. Much of the economic growth during the Antebellum era can be attributed to ________.  
   a. the expansion of the U.S. territory towards the west
   b. the colonization of Canada
   c. the rise of the plantation system and the use of slave labor

4. How did the economy of the South differ from that of the North of the U.S. during this period?
   a. The North highly depended on slavery for plantation agriculture.
   b. The South had a much balanced social structure in terms of wealth among its citizens.
   c. The South highly depended on slavery for plantation agriculture while the North was shifting towards manufacturing.

5. How did the U.S. ban on importing more slaves affect Southern Plantation owners during this period?
   a. drove up prices for slaves  
   b. encouraged illegal importation of slaves
   c. had no effect on them

6. What did the antebellum reforms movements seek to address?
   a. slavery and slave trade
   b. educational reforms
   c. the role of women in society
   d. labor and the rising disparity between the rich and the poor.
   e. all of the above

7. During this period, the Southern slave owners were more inclined to continuing slavery.
   [ ] True  [ ] False

8. In what positive and negative ways did slavery affect the economy and social structure of the South?
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